2018 Pathways to Viral Suppression Needs Assessment





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Needs Assessment Results
ARIZONA STATEWIDE
PHOENIX EMA

Ryan White Part A & B

July 19, 2018

Acknowledgements

We would like to thank all the consumers, service providers, and partners who participated in this assessment or supported its completion. We hope that this assessment enables the State of Arizona and the Phoenix EMA to better understand and address the needs of people living with HIV/AIDS (PLWHA).

We would also like to thank those individuals who contributed their time and expertise to the development of the assessment and this document:

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Specializing in Consulting Services for Ryan White CARE Act Entities



Needs Assessment Results
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Introduction

The Phoenix Eligible Metropolitan Area (EMA), Ryan White Part A Program, and The Arizona Department of Health Service, Ryan White Part B Program are recipient's of federal funds to provide a comprehensive system of care that includes primary medical care and essential support services for people living with HIV who are uninsured or underinsured.

The Pathways to Viral Suppression Needs Assessment will inform the RWHAP in targeting and prioritizing Ryan White Grant Funding throughout the State of Arizona, which includes the Phoenix EMA.

The goal of this Needs Assessment is to better understand how people living with HIV/AIDS in the State of Arizona achieved and maintained viral suppression. This data will be utilized to better inform services to help other PLWH achieve and maintain viral suppression and accomplish the Statewide Integrated Prevention and Care Plan 2017-2021 goal of *zero* new infections.

The Needs Assessment incorporates input from PLWHA who receive RWHAP services and are virally suppressed. In order to increase understanding of the unique circumstances which led PLWH to achieving and maintaining viral suppression, information was collected through in-person, paper, and online surveys. Extensive quantitative data analyses were also conducted.

Survey Process & Overview

Quick Facts





682 surveys were completed.

280 Statewide 402 Phoenix EMA



.. Approximately 17,464 PLWH in Arizona.



The survey will inform future service delivery and strategies for increased viral suppression.



A Statewide partnership will provide additional input on increased viral suppression strategies.



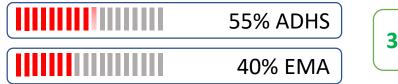
Race & Ethnicity

Characteristics of Survey Respondents





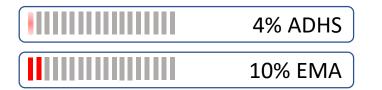




315/46%



Black or African American



54/8%



Hispanic

21% ADHS
40% EMA

219/32%



American Indian / Alaskan Native

111111111111111111111111111111111111111	5% ADHS
<u>'</u>	1% EMA

21/3%

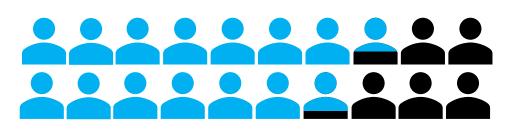


Gender

Characteristics of Survey Respondents



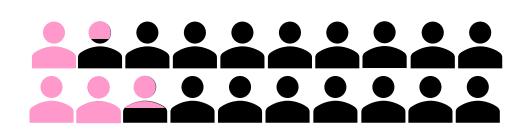




76% ADHS

68% EMA 487/71%



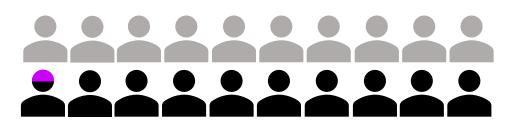


13% ADHS

26% EMA

141/21%



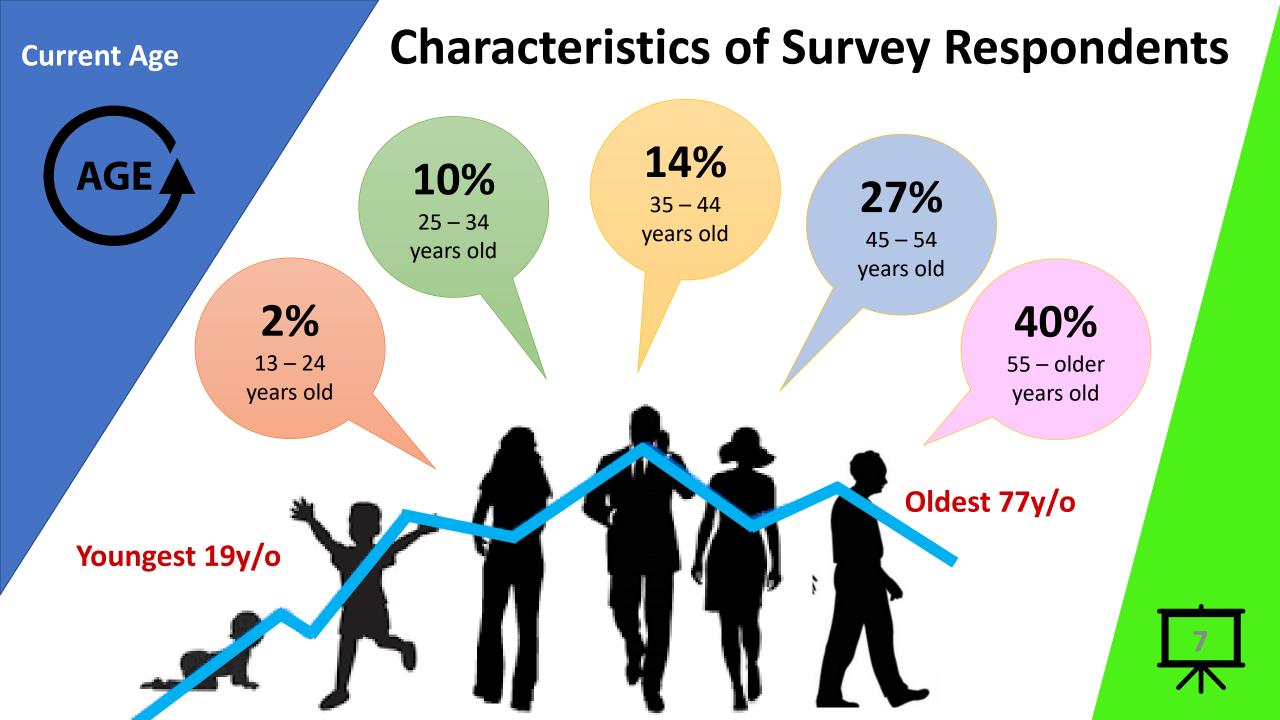


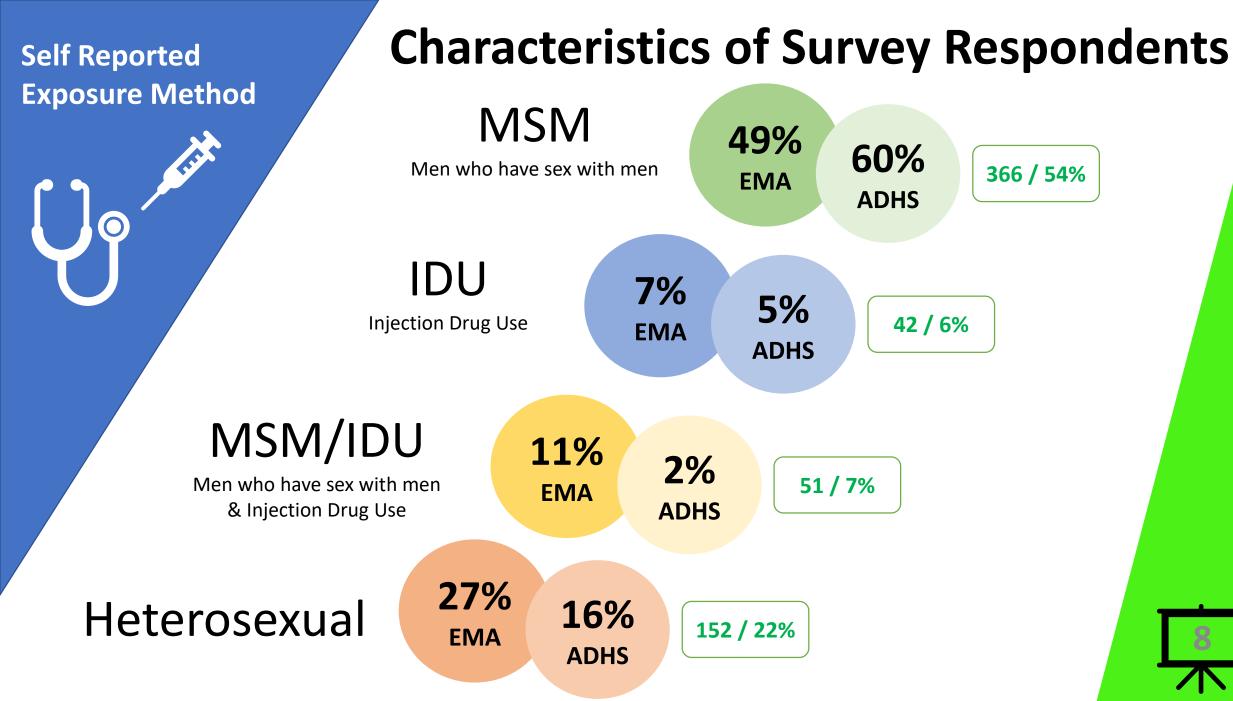
No Respondents

<1% EMA

5/<1%









Primary Insurance & Poverty Level

Characteristics of Survey Respondents



Medicare A/B

228 / 33%

AHCCCS - Medicaid

219 / 32%

Private - Employer

84 / 12%

Private - Individual

45 / 7%

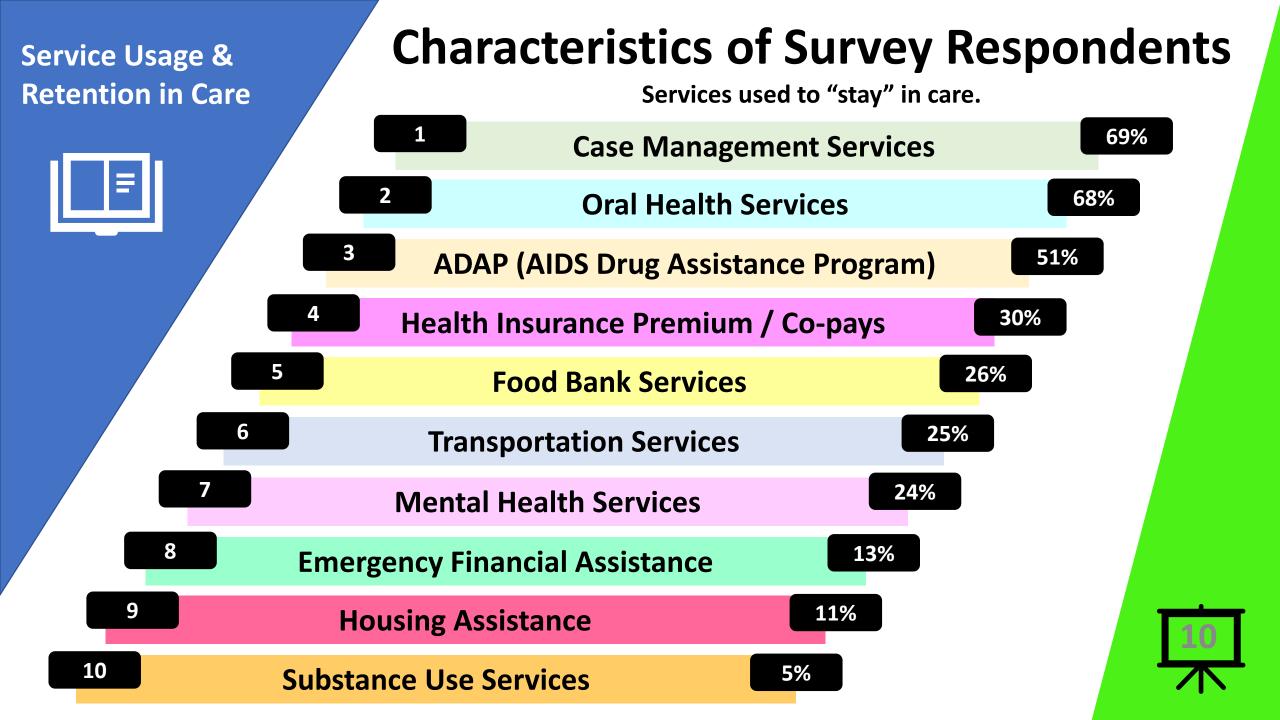
No Insurance

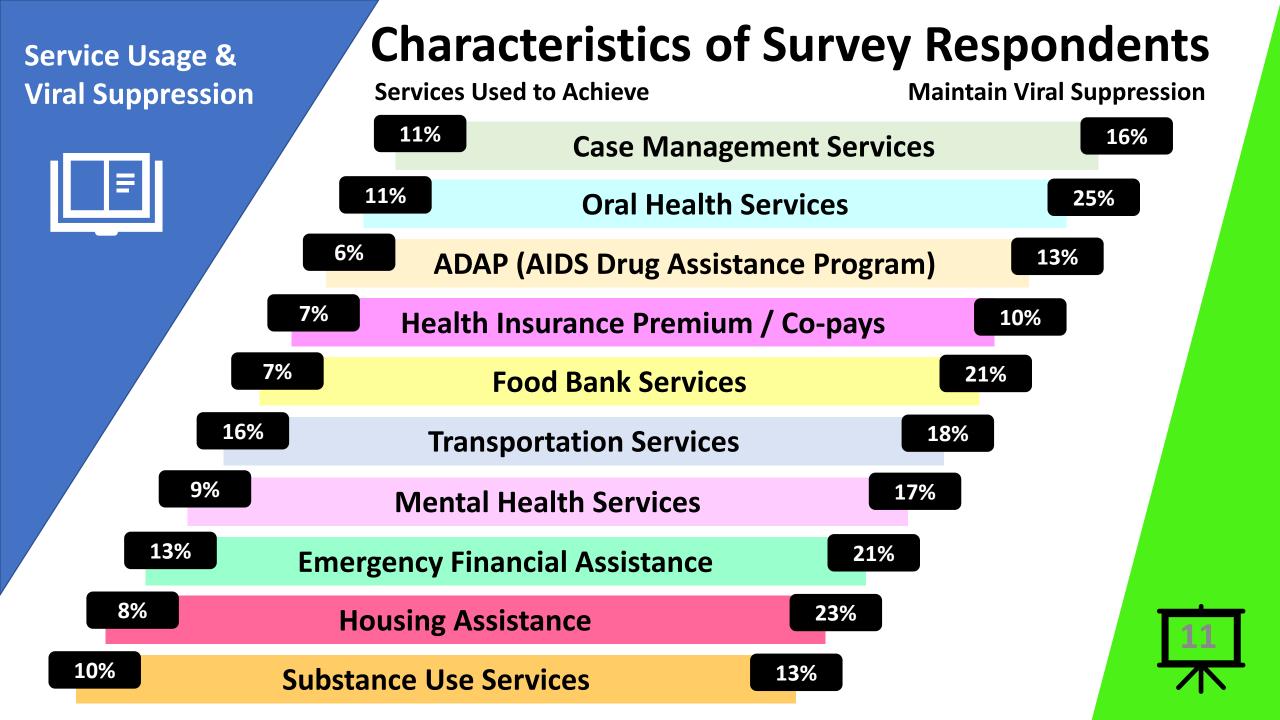
15 / 2%



0-100% FPL 43% 101-200% FPL 29% 201-300% FPL 13% 301-400% FPL 7%





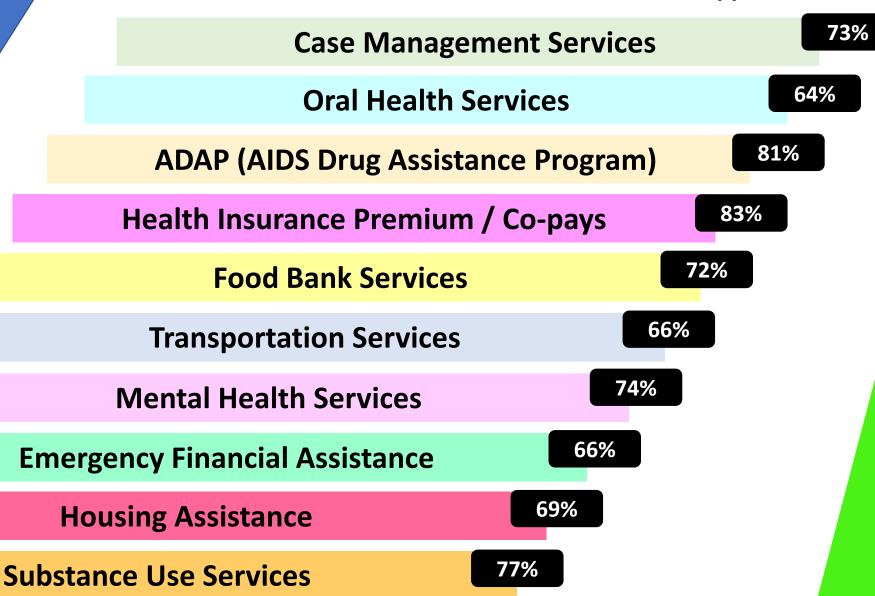


Service Usage & Viral Suppression



Characteristics of Survey Respondents

Services Used to Achieve and Maintain Viral Suppression



2017 HIV Provider Visits



Characteristics of Survey Respondents

In 2017, how many times did you visit your HIV Healthcare provider?

- 3% of clients had only 1 medical visit in 2017
- 18% of clients had 2 medical visits in 2017
- 15% of clients had 3 medical visits in 2017
- 33% of clients had 4 medical visits in 2017
- 31% of clients had 5+ medical visits in 2017

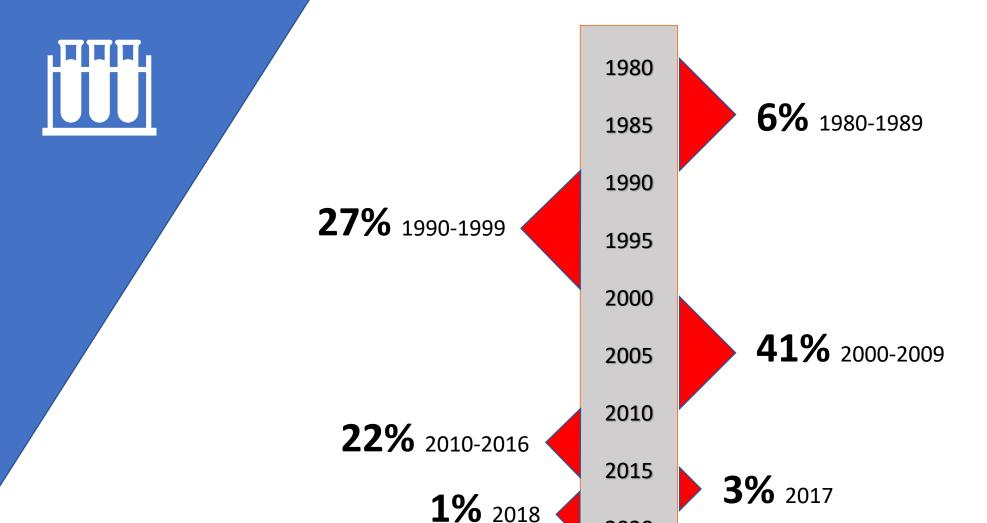
How long have client's been going to HIV Provider

How long	g nave client's been going to HIV Provider
52%	5 years or more
14%	At least 3 years but less than 5 years
18%	At least 1 year but less than 3 years
11%	At least 6 months but less than 1 year
6%	Less than 6 months



Year Diagnosed

Characteristics of Survey Respondents



2020

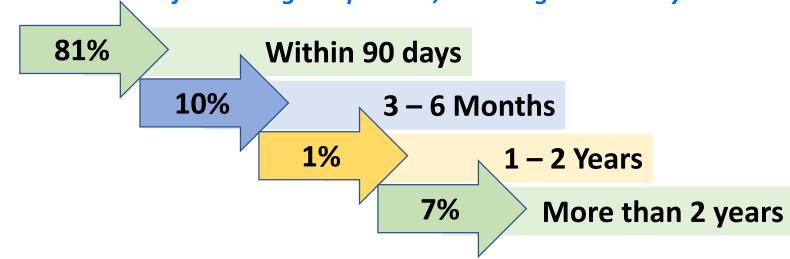




14%

Characteristics of Survey Respondents

After testing HIV positive, how long did it take you to see a doctor?



Is there a reason(s) it took you more than 6 months to see a doctor?

I was not ready to accept my HIV diagnosis.

I did not know where to get care.

I did not have insurance and could not afford care.

I did not believe I was HIV positive.

I did not want my family and friends to find out.



Success Stories

Characteristics of Survey Respondents

In a brief statement, what advice would you give to someone living with HIV to achieve and maintain viral suppression?



Never stop taking medication, since that it what helps to remain undetectable and live longer healthy life.

I can tell them that its important to take your meds because its your life right there, its about your health. you HAVE to take it until they find a cure.

Eat right and exercise.

Take medication every day, take vitamins, exercise, eat well, and use protection when engaging in sexual activities.

You have to find a doctor that is right for you and listens to your problems. You need to feel comfortable speaking to your doctor about your problems.

Take medication every day, take vitamins, exercise, eat well, and use protection when engaging in sexual activities.

